to welcome into its already large family the steady stream of new subscribers that has been flowing into the office for weeks. They simply must have the "old relia-ble," the newspaper that has set the pace in the intermountain country for a period exceeding the average lifetime.

LXXVII., NO. 164. WEATHER TODAY-Fair and

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, FRIDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 25, 1908.

14 PAGES-FIVE CENTS.

TO BRIBE TO HIS OPPONENT

cears Effort Was Made to Buy Him Off.

WAS THE MOVING SPIRIT

ed by Detectives, Who begged His Footsteps.

been followed by detecen offered a large bribe of labor, connect-W. Van Cleave of the Naof Manufacturers. eration made by President ers of the American Fed-Tabor in the contempt pro inst him and other officials iner Harper

nation of Mr. Gompers by Ralston rou ever been followed Mr. Raiston asked.

" he said, "and so colleagues of the executive

he purpose of bringing to him ation as might reflect on in the cause of labor " pers then related the par-

an effort to have bimself which, he said, had occurred ton the latter part of the 1907 and had continued for

Men Pollowing Him.

that he had first observed wing him from his home to and he said it was kept up nightly for some time, the anying him on the street tanding outside his office me ready to return to his

oreasion, he said, he me than ordinarily. That ning when I attended a lodge of Elks, of which her. He followed me to om and again took the same boarded to reach my home, icularly lonesome road from to my house and when the bred to know why he was fol-te, and directed him to desist ug so. He at first replied that tot dogging me, but afterward that he was doing so. I rem, and he me, as a member of the fraternity. He then told would desist from pursuing dmitted that he was a detec-be that Mr. Van Cleave had

lim to dog me."
supers said that he had been
on other occasions, but at no Sistently as then

Attempt to Bribe.

toss examination then bore question of bribery. 'You.'' Mr. Ralston asked, an Cleave who wanted to bribe

eplied Mr. Gompers and where?'s asked Mr. Ral-

Mr. Gompers entered upon rative, the purport of which in the latter part of the sum-107, while in New York, he had Dated by a man who gave the Brandenberg and claimed ac-with him, who told him, of had had several meetings, had been sent by Mr. Van offer him money to desert the labor and betray its secrets, supers said that Errandenberg mpers said that Brandenberg him that it was Mr. Van purpose to destroy his (Gom-aracter, but that he (Brand-had persuaded him that it better. better to make an ally of and that. Van Cleave con-trandenberg had proposed to half of Van Cleave that he cause of labor and cause of labor and accept Memberg a guarantee of an \$5000 to \$6000 a year for the of his life.

MAKING EFFORT

CONSERVE FISHERIES TON, Sept. 24 .- That China o the necessity of conserver as a national food supcharation of Dr. Wei Ching charation of Dr. Wel Chinese secretary of the Chinese s city, before the delegation of the Chinese scale upon the session of that Fishery congress. Dr. le government has establed at Shanghai, where the hen are being instructed it took of the culture. The there were 256,000 vessel to the chinese were 256,000 vessel to the fishing industry United States

Mall Pouch Stolen

Sept. 24.—It is reported of registered mall was stolen v. last Tuesday night from by an unknown man, who the it in the darkness, mak-cacape. It is thought the d considerable money

BRYAN'S RESPECTS

of Federation of Labor In Taft's Home City Leader of **Democrats Pays Compliment** to His Adversary.

THEN PROCEEDS TO ANSWER CRITICISMS OF RECORD

Declares That He Was Fol- Asserts That He Has Attained His Leadership Without Administrative Boost.

> CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 24.—After a memorable day in the history of campaigning in this State, Mr. Bryan ar rived in this city tonight at 7:15 o'clock from Dayton, where he stopped several hours en route from Columbus. His train, which made the run as a special at the rate of sixty-eight miles an hour, was gaily decorated with flags and bunting, placed there at the urgent request of employees of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railroad. Accompanying Mr. Bryan were Judge Judson Harmon. Democratic nominee for Governor; State Chairman Finley, and a big escort from Cincinnati.
>
> As the train carrying the distinguished Nebraskan pulled into the station through a gauntlet of red fire, thousands of throats sent up a mighty yell of "Hurrah for Bryan." The progress of Mr. Bryan from the station to the hotel was a continuous ovation.
>
> The reception accorded the Democratic candidate on his way from Columbus here was a remarkable one. Large crowds turned out all along the line, but at Dayton so great were the crowds that hours en route from Columbus. His

at Dayton so great were the crowds that he was compelled to deliver two extra speeches. He was showered with flowrs and greeted with vociferous ap

Compliments to Taft. In his speech here tonight Mr.

Brvan said:

"As this is the home of my oppenent, I desire to take occasion to express my high opinion of his character and accomplishments. I think that I pay him a higher compliment in assuming that he is able to conduct his own campaign than the President does in contesting with him the leadership of the party in the campaign.

than the President does in contesting with him the leadership of the party in the campaign.

"As Mr. Taft referred to my record. I feel that it is only fair that I should make a brief reply. It is perfectly legitimate that both the public and the private record of the candidates should be brought under inspection, for the private record is as much an index to a man as his mblie aets. Mr. Taft and I have records, and they are necessarily a part of the campaign. In some respects Mr. Taft has been more fortunate than I. He has had opportunity to hold office and to show his conception of official duty. He has held appointive offices for nearly half his life, and during a considerable part of the time the office was conspicuous. As a linited States judge, as Governor of the Philippines, and as Secretary of War, he has been before the public, and yet who will say that he could have secured the Republican nomination on his record?

President Boosted Taft.

"It was the powerful support of the President that made him the nominee of his party, and the President seems to feel that the exigencies of the case require that the full support of the administration shall be given to Mr. Taft's candidacy. I have not held office to any great extent. Four years in Congress covers my official experience, L began life as a young lawyer, prac-

President that made him the nominee of his party, and the President seems to feel that the exigencies of the case require that the full support of the administration shall be given to Mr. Taft's candidaev. I have not held office to any great extent. Four years in Congress covers my official experience. Congress covers my official experience. I began life as a young lawver, practices! for a few years in Illinois and then went to Nebraska. I had no rich or powerful friends to aid me. Whatever distinction I have gained has been gained in the advocacy of the policies of government which I have deemed best for the people, and yet, I think, that you will agree with me that I have been reasonably successful. I was nominated for the Presidency by a National convention of my party and received the votes of 6,500,000 people. Notwithstanding my defeat, I was again nominated, and again 'received practically the same vote. After the lapse of eight years I have been nominated the third time, the nomination coming from the time, the nomination coming from the rank and file of my party and coming with a degree of unanimity that indi-cates that the principles which I have been advocating are acceptable to the marty.

Shot at Tariff Question.

"He calls aftention to things that I have advocated, but he does not give you a full list of them. I have advocated tariff reform for twenty-eight years and still do so. I have lived long enough to see the Republican party frightened by the growth of tariff reform sentiment into making a promise of immediate revision, and Mr. Taft himself has been driven to confess that himself has been driven to confess that the present schedules are indefensible. I have advocated the income tax for something like eighteen years, and have lived to see Mr. Taff finally advocate it. I have advocated the election of Senators by direct vote of the people Senators by direct vote of the people for eighteen years, and rejoice to welcome Mr. Taft to its advocacy, although he only expresses a personal inclination toward it. I have advocated the ultimate independence of the Filipinos, and I have been rejoiced to find that in his campaign he admits there is no other settlement of the question.

"He says that I favored the free coinage of silver. It is true, He might also have told you that Mr. McKinley voted for free coinage of silver in 1878; that the Republican National conven-tion in 1896 pledged itself to interna-tional bimetallism and that Mr. McKintional bimetallism and that Mr. McKin-lev's first important act after taking the oath of office was to send a com-mission to Europe to ask other nations to join us in restoring bimetallism. We insisted that the country needed more money and we point to the fact that in-creased prosperity has come with a larger currency. The unexpected dis-

Continued on Page Two.

THE BIG MITT OF UTAH G. O. P.-No. 14



Don't Butt In!

HEARST KEEPS UP FIGHT ON HASKELL

Still Fights Haskell.

Still Fights Haskell.

Renewing his assault upon Gov. C. N. Huskell of Oklahoma, trensurer of the Democratic national campaign, Mr. Hearst declared that not only was he a "Standard Oil tool and promoter of crooked railways, but was one of the organizers of the steel trust."

He quoted from what he said was a court record of a suit brought by John P. Bailey, Mr. Haskell's law partner in Ohio, against the Illinois Steel company and the Federal Steel company, for services rendered by Mr. Haskell as attorney "and organizer." Mr. Hearst also quoted from what he declared was a recent speech of Mr. Haskell's defending the Standard Oil company as "having done wonders in the country".

We know," said Mr. Hearst, "that it done wonders in the United States

ernor. There is no one who has the slightest doubt of the reason.

of discontent. They sought the light to guide them, and it came.

vention and his hundreds of admirers were most sanguine.

But most persons have doubts as to WHEN it happened and WHERE.

was with him. Both are devoted to the church. The spirit of prayer moves them both.

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La Follette strongly indorses "radical ideas" of Taft.

Bryan invades Taft's lown and speaks to enthusiastic audience.

Passenger train wrecked

James W. McKinney discusses polygamy before Woman's Auxiliary of American party. 1 Amy Johnson, colored, easily gives deputy sheriffs the slip 14 Pertinent questions concerning lawbreakers put to Sheriff Emery.

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number of Logan convention,
Knight excepted, hold conference in Salt Lake
T. C. Callister talks of future of
Millard county
Salt Lake bankers to greet their
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New route is proposed to Los
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Cartenters and Joiners have Joseph Lippman makes interest-ing talk to Woman's American club

Sporting News. Lillian R., a green horse, beats favorite at Columbus . 1 New York Glants defeat the Chi-cago Cubs . . 1

Everybody understands why Uncle Jesse Knight declined to accept the Democratic nomination for Gov-

Uncle Jesse had indicated to several friends that, while it was distasteful to him to become a candidate for Governor, owing to his years and business cares, that if the nomination came to him unanimously he could

But a change took place near the midnight hours. He had a suite at the Wilson hotel. His good wife

Their day of trial was at hand. They knew the popular political demand. They had heard whisperings

not decline. He was in this frame of mind all the day prior to the convention. He said he would attend the con-

BRYAN AND HASKELL TO HOLD CONFERENCE

Thorough Investigation of the Hearst Charges Will Be Made at Once.

GUTHRIE, Okla., Sept. 24.-Governor Charles N. Haskell, Democratic national treasurer, left at 5 p. m. today for Chiengo, over the Santa Fe, accompanied by State Treasurer J. A. Menefe. They go to cenfer with the national committee and W. J. Bryan with reference to the charges made against the governor by President Roosevelt and William R. Hearst. A thorough Investigation of the charges will be made. The governor announced that he would return to Oklahoma before going to Indiana and Obio on the campaign tour. He stated, however, that the tour will not commence until October 5, when he will deliver his first Ohio address at the county fair in Ottawa, his old home. The governor stated that he would make no additional statement relative to the Roosevelt-Hearst charges at present,

CHICAGO, Sept 24.—That Mr. Bryan and Governor Haskell both will be in Chicago on Saturday morning, was admitted at the Democratic national head-quarters here tonight, but no information was given out that the Democratic causaldists and the Democratic treasurer would meet or that their being here at the same time has anything to do with the charges made against Governor Haskell. Mr. Bryan, it was gaid, would be in Chicago between 7 and 9 o'clock on that morning, on his way from Terre Haute, ind., to Madison, Wis. It was given out at headquarters that this was part of Mr. Bryan's lilnerary as previously sched-

Continued on Page Two.

JESSE KNIGHT PRAYED

POLITICAL CLIMAX IN OLD WISCONSIN

Senator La Follette Says Taft Is This Relic of Barbarism Must Radical in Ideas, and Then Indorses Him.

PAYS HIGH TRIBUTE TO REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE

Day of Many Speeches for the Americans on Record Against Man Who Expects to Succeed President Roosevelt.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Sept. 24.-Wisthe complete and emphatic manner in home of Mrs. Gideon Snyder, 214 North which United States Senator La Fol State street, on Thursday afternoon,

people able men, such as fear God, men of truth, hating covetousness," and then adding: "Such is the great leader that we have with us today. Nature gave him his poise, judicial temperament, great force of character, tenucity of purpose.

ment, great force of character, tenacity of purpose.

'His long life in the public service is distinguished for its marked ability, its wisdom, its integrity, its patriotism. He has taken advanced ground upon the great issues that engage the profoundest thought of the people of this great country. He is progressive in principle. He is equipped most wonderfully by experience. The last ten years in the life of the American government are big with events. In all that time, whether in the Philippine islands, in Cuba, in Porto Rico, in Panama, or in the councils of the cabinet, whenever the problems were most trying and complex, demanding the greatest courage, prudence and tact, he had a large grasp and displayed the highest executive ability. Two presidents in succession summoned to their aid the man who is our honored guest today.'

Audience of Farmers. This indersement was delivered at Madison before an audience consisting of farmers from all sections of the state attending the National Farmers' con-

Senator La Follette was welcomed by the audience, which filled the gymna-sium of the state university, and what he said about Judge Taft was accorded he said about Judge Taft was accorded hearty applause, as was the reply of the candidate, who in turn, before delivering a speech showing his appreciation of the importance of agriculture, paid his compliments to the Senator.

In his tariff speech tonight at Milwaukee, Mr. Taft stated that he believed he would be elected President. He reviewed the promises of his party for tariff revision, and then showed that in doing this work the party would adhere to its promises. There were some tariff schedules that were too high, he said; these would be lowered. Some were too low; these would be raised. But the revision, contrary to the Democratic doctrine of tariff for revenue only, would be along protection lines only. only

Puts in Busy Day.

Mr. Taft dressed hurriedly before 7 o'clock to meet the demands of the people of Caledonia, Ill., who came to the station to see the Taft special as it emerged from a siding in a cornfield, where it had stood for several hours to where it had stood for several noirs to permit of quiet sleep. His arduous work of the day previous had made him hoarse. Several treatments were ap-plied during the day by the throat specialist from Washington, Dr. J. J. Richardson, but before Mr. Taft reached Milwaukee it was evident that he would experience great difficulty in making his tariff speech. At Madison Mr. Taft, after he had

At Madison Mr. Taft, after he had expressed himself in appreciation of the La Foliotte declaration, casually commented on a bequest to the state university by a former United States Senator which would amount to several millions a year shortly, and added that this, in his opinion, was a good manner in which to dispose of "swollen fortunes," and that "some of the wills that we have known, that have sought to perpendic engernous gratherings of to perpetuate enormous gatherings of money in one family and in one person, should be restrained by proper laws of

Tonight Mr. Taft delivered himself of his ideas regarding the tariff before an audience is the Hippodrome at Mil-waukee. After reviewing the whole question in an extended manner he made this positive declaration on the subject: Answer to Mr. Bryan.

"Mr. Bryan is concerned because he thinks that the Republican party is un-able to carry out its promise of revising the tariff. He says that the protected interests are so necessary to the success of the Republican party that they will control it and prevent a revision on proper lines, and that there has been no indication that the revision may be ade upward rather than downward, "In answer I can say that the party in answer I can say that the party is pledged to a genuine revision, and as the temporary head of that party, and President of the United States if it be successful in November I expect to use all the influence that I have by calling a special session and recommending to Congress to secure a genuine and honest revision of the tariff in accordance with

POLYGAMY DEBASES, DEGRADES WOMAN

Be Rooted Out, Says J. W. McKinney.

PURITY OF HOME IS BASIS OF GOVERNMENT

Establishment of So-Called Red Light District.

At a meeting of the woman's auxilconsin had a political climax today in lary of the American party, held at the lette first declared Judge Taft to be a radical in political ideas and then gave him his own unqualified indorsement. This is Senator La Follette's indorsement, first quoting from the Bible:

"Thou shalt provide out of all the people able men, such as fear field was people able men, such as fear field was not be "Purity of the Home." noon was on the "Purity of the Home." It was delivered by James W. McKin-

It was delivered by James W. McKinney, and was as follows:

One of the cardinal principles of the American party is that the home, which is the very foundation of all good government should be kept pure, that no form of defilement should be permitted to penetrate its sanctity. The home should be the most hallowed spot on earth for every child, for every man and woman. From it should flow the crystal waters of purity for the cleansing and clevation of our government and our country; for the making of our Nation not only the mightiest on this earth, but the best, the highest, the noblest, the light which does indeed enlighten the world.

There are three words which every child should be taught to utter with love and reverence—mother, home and heaven. They are the sweetest words in the English language, and anything that would define home, anything that would offine home, anything that would offend heaven, should be resisted with unrelaxing determination.

Polygamy degrades and debases woman; it descerates the home, and in thus degrading woman and desecrating home, it lowers the standard of virtue and morality throughout the land; and for this reason the American party is determined that this last relic of barbarism shall be extirmied, root and branch, from every place where floats the land, for every place where foats the land; of the American party toward the home, tiewing thus the degrading effect of polygamy upon the American barty through out the American party would not be consistent if it did not condemn and denounce anything that might threaten or menace the purity of the home from any other direction.

Menace to the Home.

We helley a that the actablishing of a second ney, and was as follows:

Menace to the Home

We believe that the establishing of a so-called "red light" district on the west side of our city is a menace to the home, is an outrage upon the property owners in that vicinity, and for a cold-blooded scheme to derive profit from vice and im-morality, has seldom, if ever, been equaled or paralleled in the history of this coun-try.

During the month of June, 1908, there was formed at Salt Lake City, by virtue of the laws of the State of Utah, a corporation designated as the Citizens Investment company. This corporation, so far as appears by its articles of incorporafar as appears by its articles of Incorporation, was organized for a perisculy lawful
and legitimate purpose; that is to say, it
was apparently organized for the purpose
of buying, selling, owning, using, leasing,
renting, and otherwise handling real estate, but it appears that the real purpose
of this corporation, as declared by its promoters, is to establish what is called a
"red light" district; or, in other words,
a pen, stockade or corral, with divers and
sundry buildings, into which it is proposed
to herd the fallen women of this city.

The people of the west side, owning
property in the vicinity of the proposed
establishment, are naturally deeply incensed over the matter; but notwithstanding their denunciations and profestations,
the work of constructing this pen and
buildings is going on as rapidly as money
and men can make it, and in hold defiance of the strong sentiment of the community against it.

Nefarious Scheme Denounced.

Nefarious Scheme Denounced.

Nefarious Scheme Denounced.

At a meeting of the American club held in this city on the evening of September \$1908 a resolution was introduced denouncing this nefarious scheme, and pledging the support of the club and the members thereof, individually and collectively, to the Governor and the Attorney-General, in any steps said officials should deem proper to take looking to a dissolution of the Cilizens Investment company, which resolution was unanimously adopted by the club.

In pursuance of the resolution thus adopted, the trustees of the American club, on September 12, 1908, addressed a courteous and respectful letter to Gov. Cutler and Attorney-General Breeden, suggesting that a proceeding in que warranto was a proper remedy to effect the dissolution of the Cilizens Investment company. I quote from the letter as follows:

What Letter Said.

What Letter Said.

What Letter Said.

"Whereas, The members of the American club and the American party are opposed to the establishment of a so-called red light district and disayow responsibility for the acts of any and all American party officials who may favor such a project, and to emphasize the fact that such an enterprise that he is doing it on if any American party official does favor his own personal responsibility, and that if he is using his official position to advance his private ends and his personal welfare, that he is doing a thing reprehensible to all decent men and obnoxious to the moral sentiment of his party; and "Whereas, a corporation has been formed under the laws of the State of Utah, known as the Citizens Investment company, the ostensible purpose of which is to purchase, lease, or otherwise negurir real and personal property in Sail Lake county. Utah and to own manage conof discontent. They sought the light to guide them, and it came.

That light entered the sanctity of their temporary abode at the Wilson. It came, not as a shaft from the celestial world, but in the person of Professor George H. Brimhall of the Brigham Young University at Prove.

The college professor is a devoted friend of Senator Smoot. He is a Republican through and through, as are most of the leading members of the church these days.

Brimhall knew that Uncle Jesse's nomination would tear the federal machine into fragments. He knew that the triumph of Uncie Jesse's nomination would tear the Apostle-Senator.

He had labored with the authorities and when he entered the Knight apartments at the Wilson he bore the authority of him who could speak the word of the Lord.

And Uncle Jesse would be seen that the peril of it overwhelmed his party.

When Brimhall departed he carried the promise. The promise was made under a sanctified spell. It was that Uncle Jesse would refuse.

Shameful as was the hypocrisy of it all, the man who was most hurt was the man meet sincere.

Uncle Jesse's trial was a most severe one. Most men would have done as Uncle Jesse did. To have dissolved the men who played upon that old man's heartstrings?

The college professor is a devoted friend of Senator Smoot. He is a Republican through and through, as the temporary head of that pearly, and the tending members of the Lurited States if it be successful in November, I expect to use all the influence that I have by calling the sincere that I have by calling a special of the United States if it be successful in November, I expect to use all the influence that I have by calling a special of the United States if it be successful in November, I expect to use all the influence that I have by calling a special of the United States if it be successful in November, I expect to use all the influence that I have by calling a special and thought a special and the wast of the United States if it be successful in November and the man in the influence that